



# Communication in

Symbol and text

A resource in the Gallipoli Series



#### Communication in War

Part of the Gallipoli Music Memorial Resources Published by Widgit Software, (c) Widgit Software 20015

Symbols and pictures (c) Widgit Software 2002-2015





This book is available electronically from www.gallipoli-music.co.uk

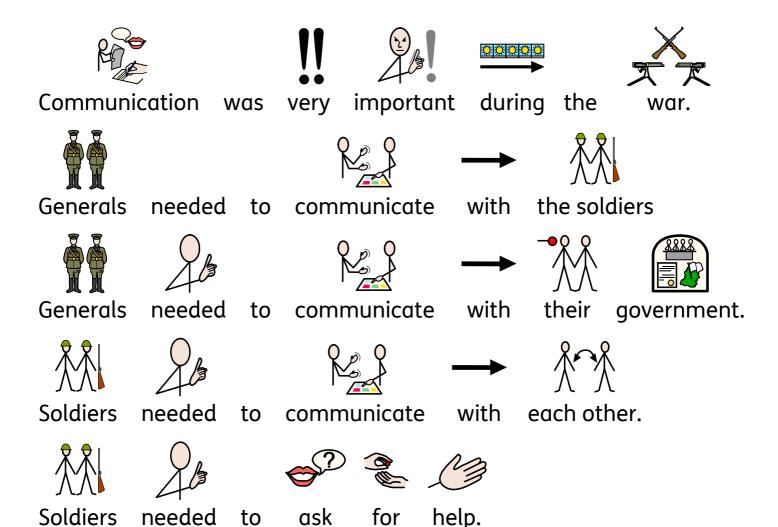
It is written and published by:

Widgit Software 26 Queen Street Cubbington Leamnington Spa CV32 7NA

www.widgit.com

All of the materials are copyright. Files and documents printed from those files may be used within the purchasing organisation. They may not be passed to other centres.











There were many types of communication.







Communication was very difficult.











Commanders sent their troops into









Sometimes there was no communication for days.



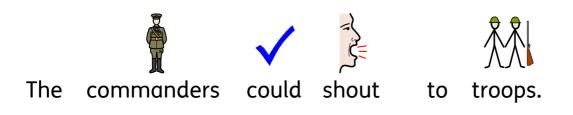




Soldiers did not know what to do?



### Voice

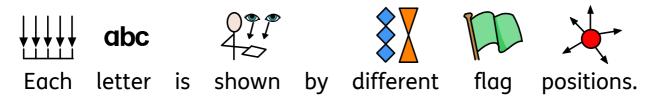


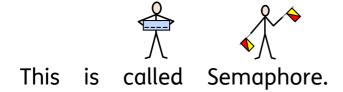


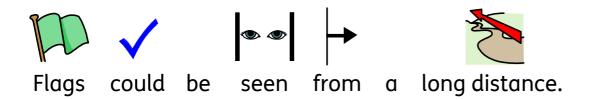


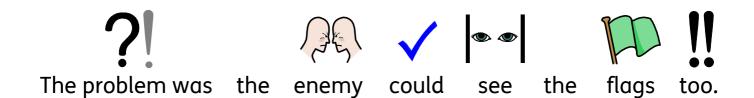














1914







By 1914 messages were being sent all over the world.



Telegraphs used morse code.



abc



letter had a code of dots and dashes. Each

abc



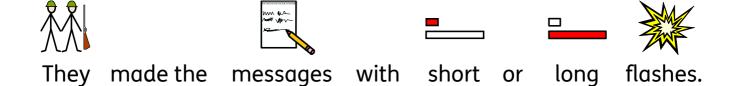


The letters were made woth long and short sounds.

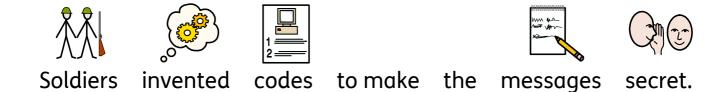


#### Flash lights











## Telephone



In World War 1 there were no



mobile phones.

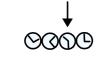








Telephones had to be connected by cables.









Sometimes cables were very long.











But the cables could be damaged by shells.



**Runners** 



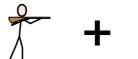






A runner is a soldier who carries a message.





It was dangerous because of firing and shells.







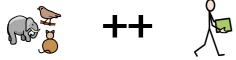






Often it was the last hope when other communication failed.











Animals also carried messages.











Carrier pigeons are trained to fly back to their nests.







Messages were tied to their legs.











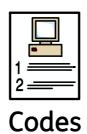
Dogs could run fast back to their commander.







Dogs also carried food and bandages.











It was important to keep messages safe.











They didn't want the enemy to read the message.









Many secret codes were invented.









The codes helped to keep the messages safe.

